

State of Maine  
DEPARTMENT OF MARINE RESOURCES  
State House - Station #21  
Augusta, Maine 04333

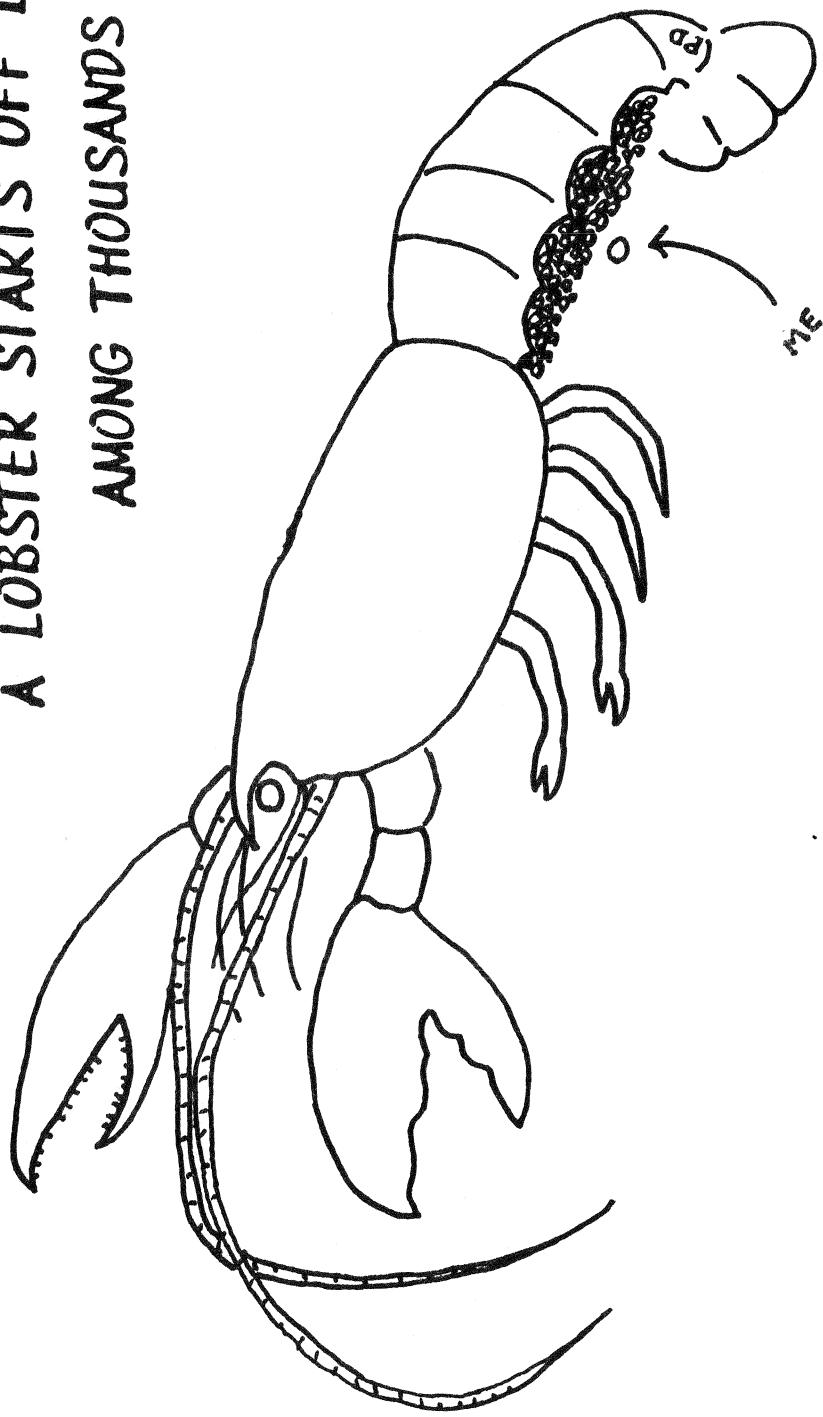


by Dumont  
Peter J. Educator  
Science  
Marine

This project is supported with Federal Funds  
under the Dingell-Johnson Fish Restoration Program.

013-13A-2026-30

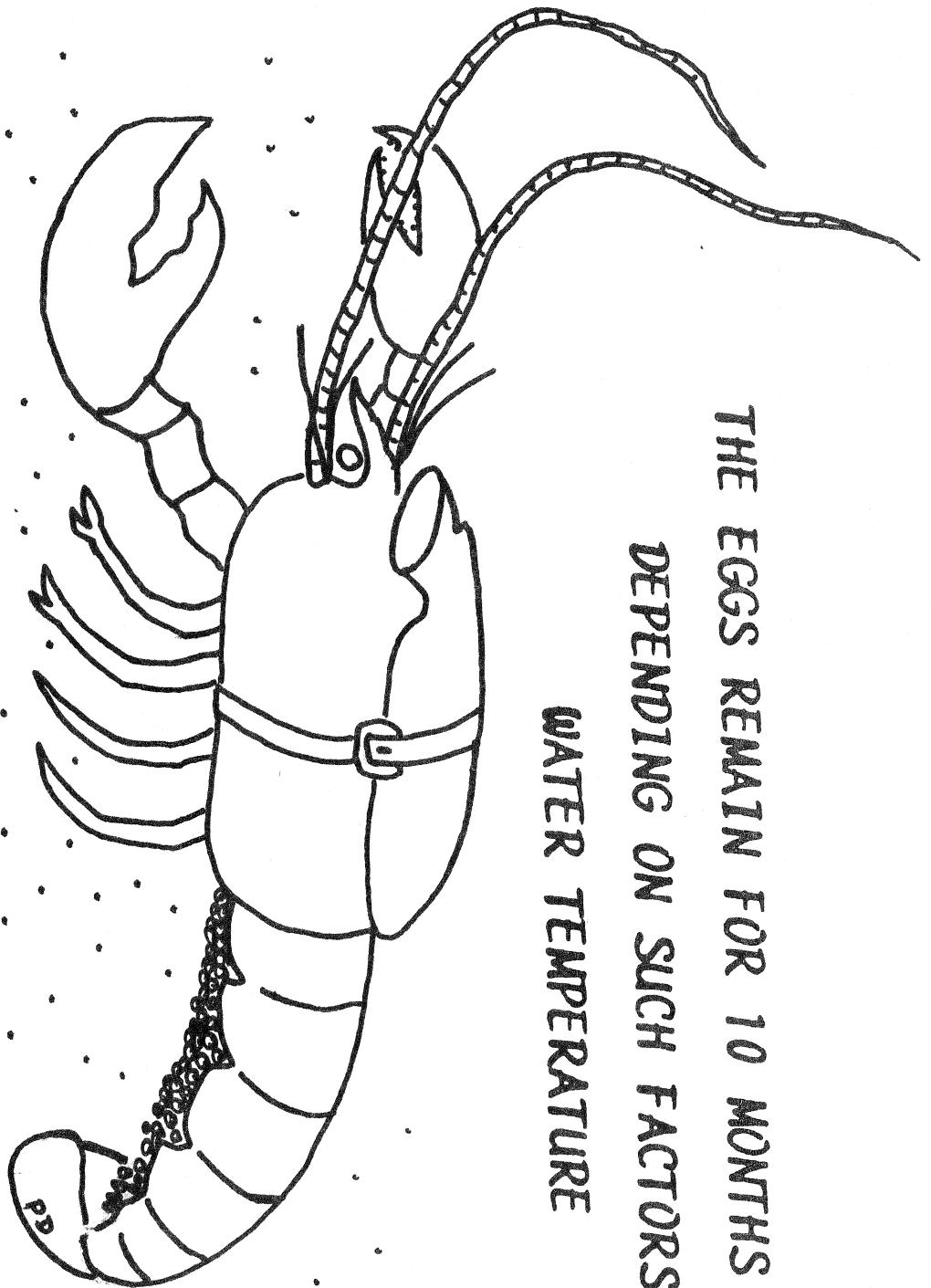
A LOBSTER STARTS OFF LIFE AS AN EGG  
AMONG THOUSANDS OF EGGS

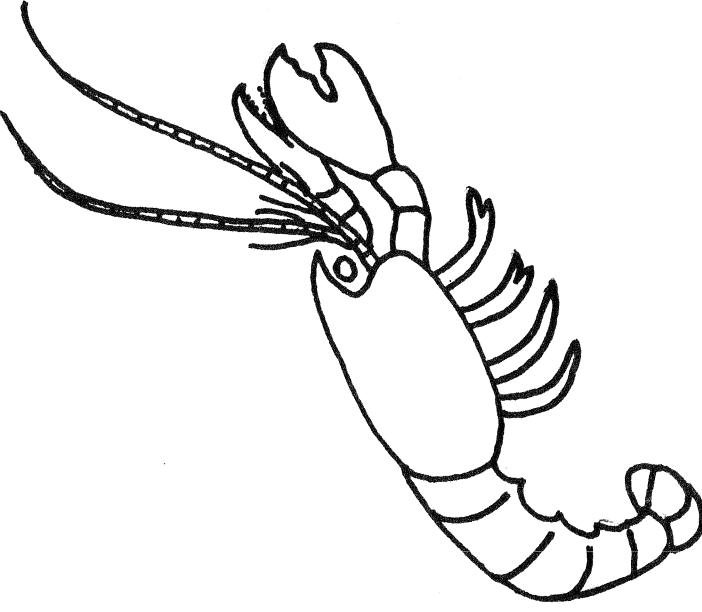


THAT ARE GLUED TO THEIR  
MOTHER'S TAIL

THE COLDER THE WATER THE LONGER THE EGGS TAKE TO HATCH

THE EGGS REMAIN FOR 10 MONTHS OR MORE  
DEPENDING ON SUCH FACTORS AS  
WATER TEMPERATURE





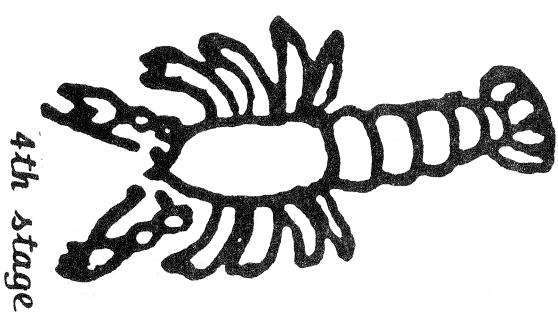
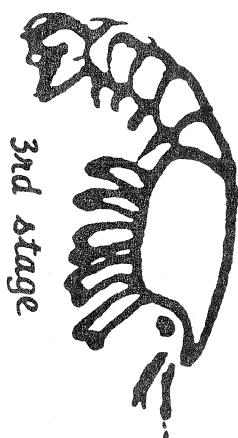
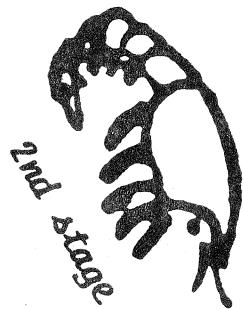
ALTHOUGH THE LOBSTER WILL EAT ALMOST ANYTHING  
THAT IT GETS IT'S CLAWS ON, IN TURN, SO WILL  
MANY ANIMALS TRY TO EAT IT.

(INCLUDING ANOTHER LARGER LOBSTER)

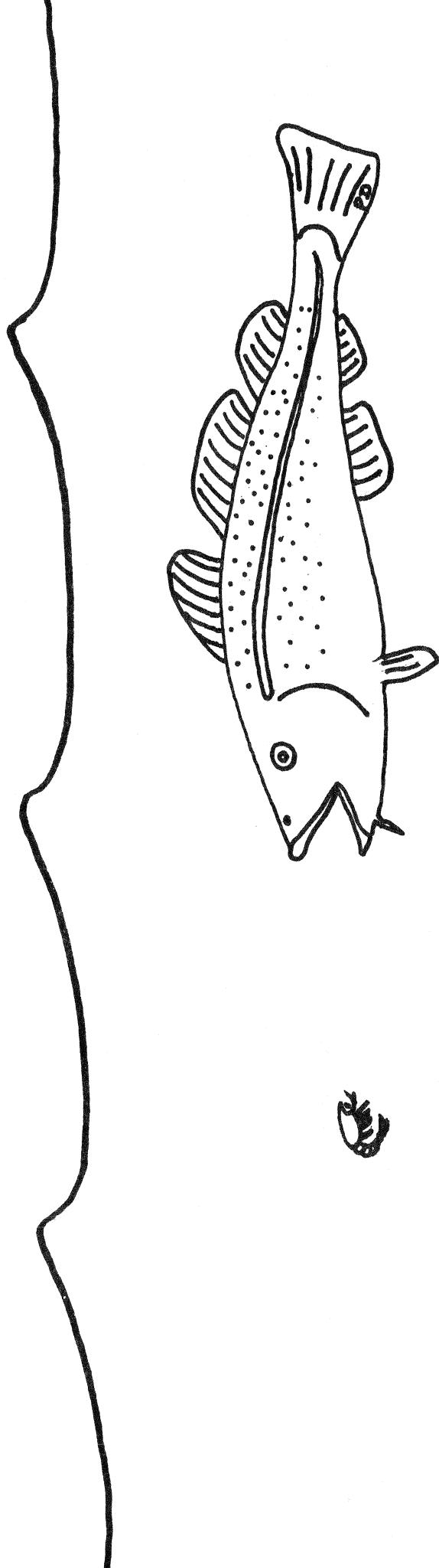
WHEN THE EGGS HATCH

THEY FLOAT TO THE SURFACE BY THE THOUSANDS.

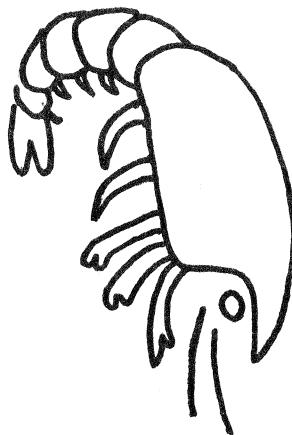
THEY GO THROUGH FOUR STAGES OF GROWTH.



WHILE THE LOBSTERS ARE FLOATING  
THEY ARE IN GREAT DANGER OF BEING EATEN  
BY PREDATORS



THEY MUST ALSO FIND

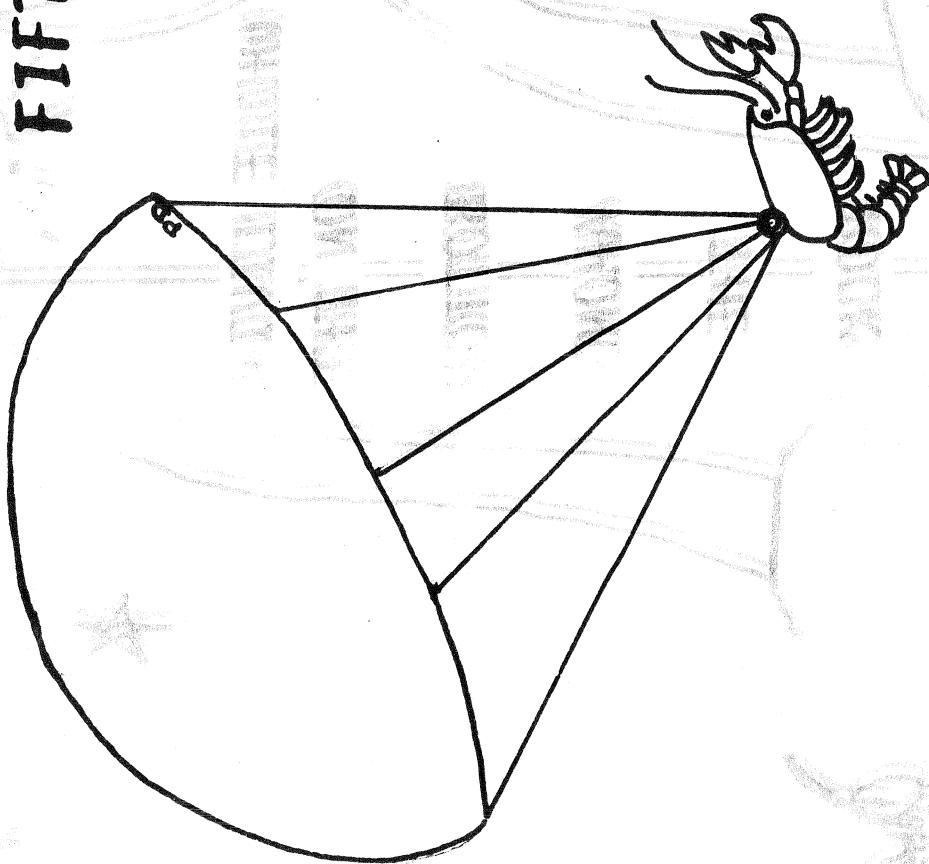


MICROSCOPIC FOOD

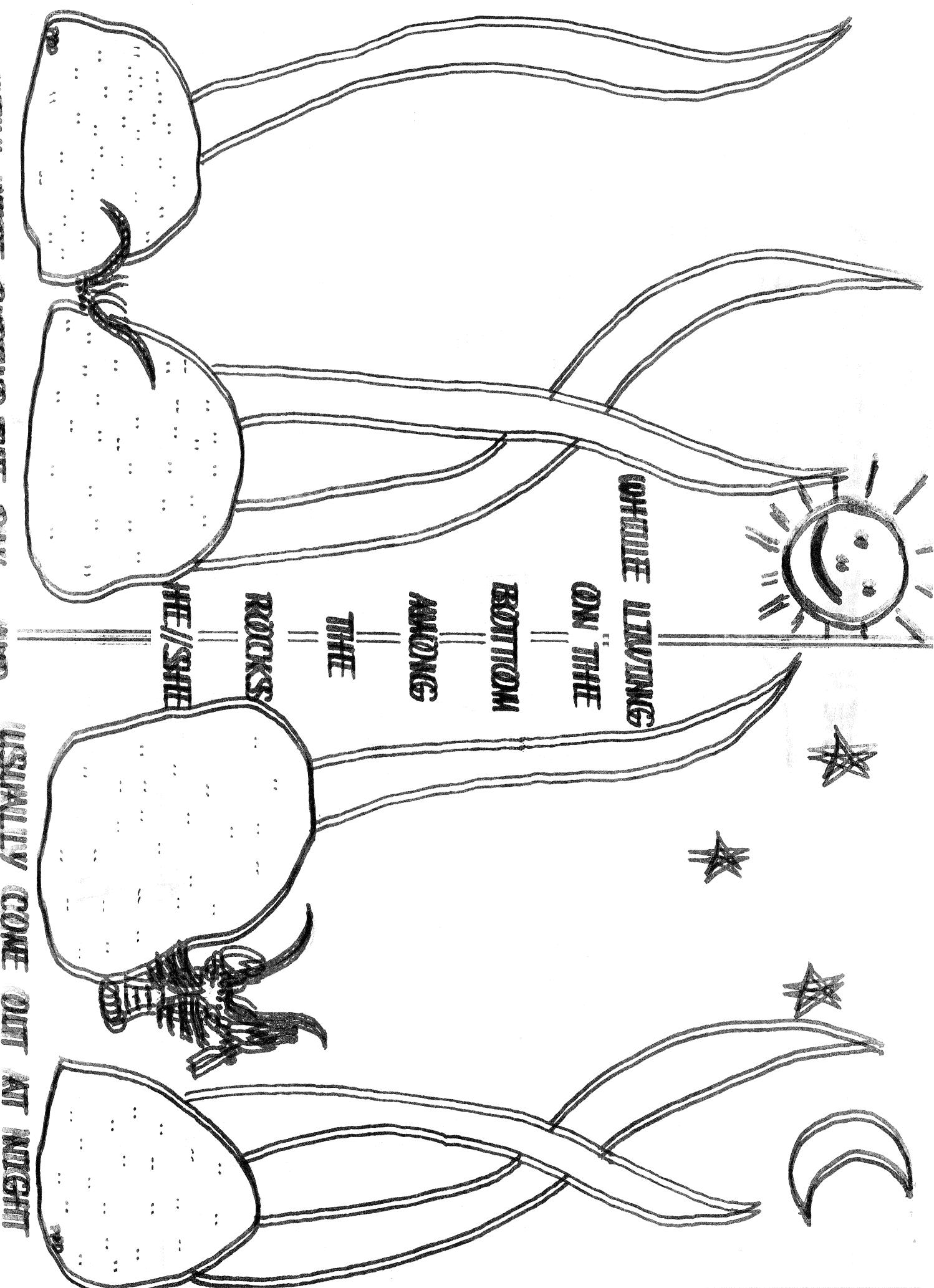
IF THEY ARE TO SURVIVE

WHEN THE LOBSTER REACHES THE

FIFTH STAGE

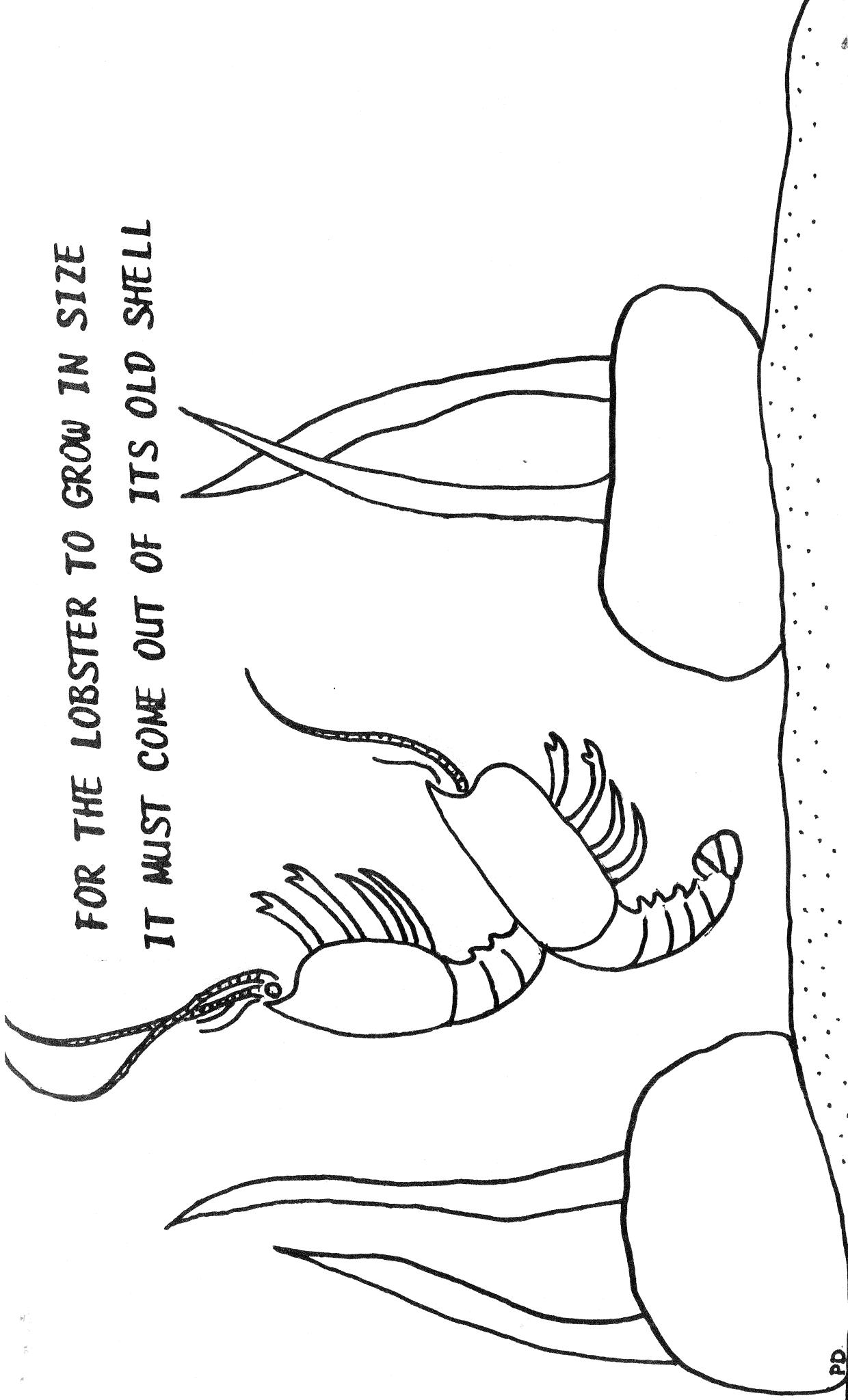


HE / SHE IS READY TO RETURN  
TO THE OCEAN FLOOR TO START LIFE  
AS A BOTTOM DWELLER



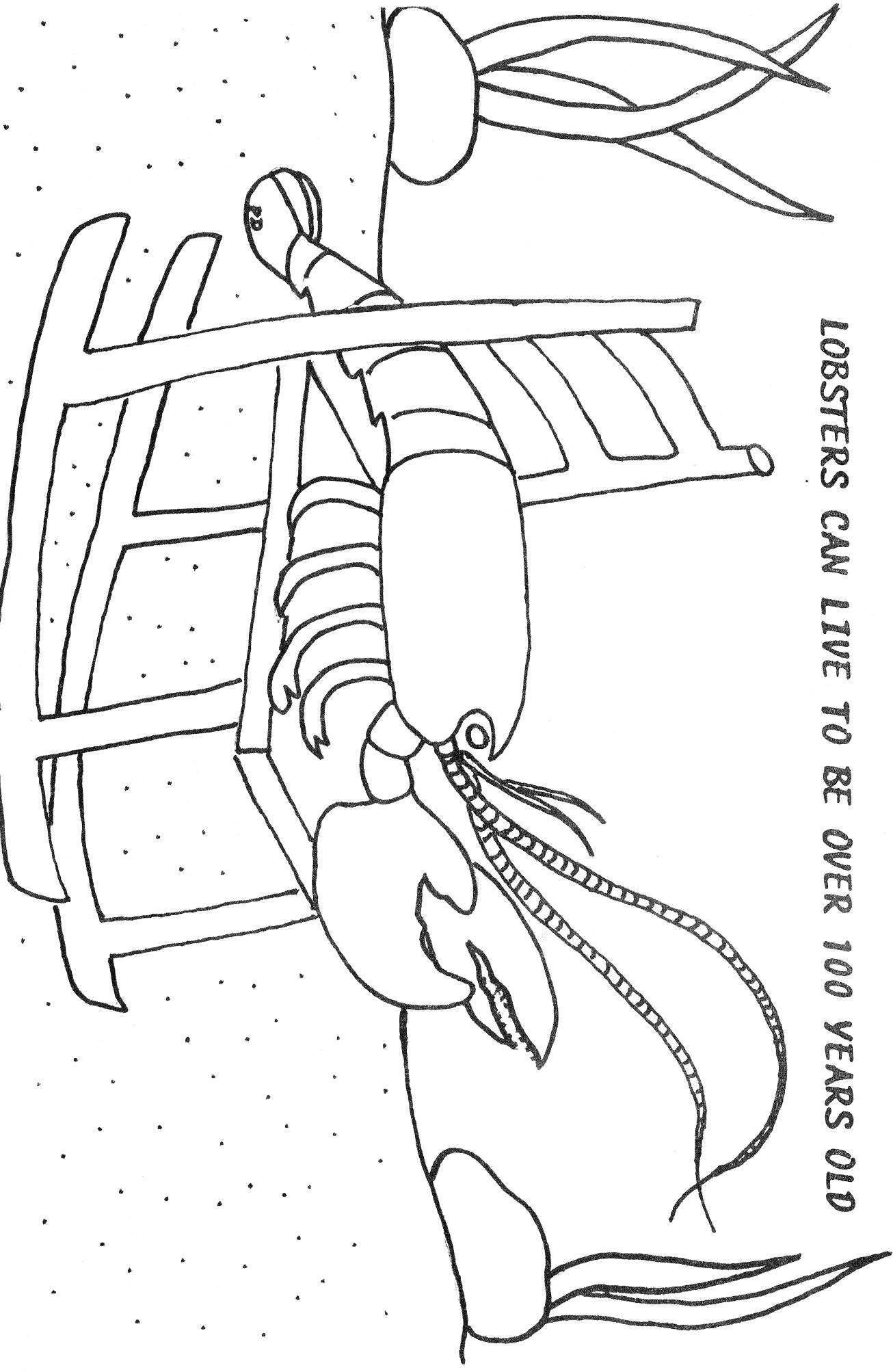
WILL HIDE DURING THE DAY AND  
USUALLY COME OUT AT NIGHT  
TO HUNT FOR FOOD

FOR THE LOBSTER TO GROW IN SIZE  
IT MUST COME OUT OF ITS OLD SHELL



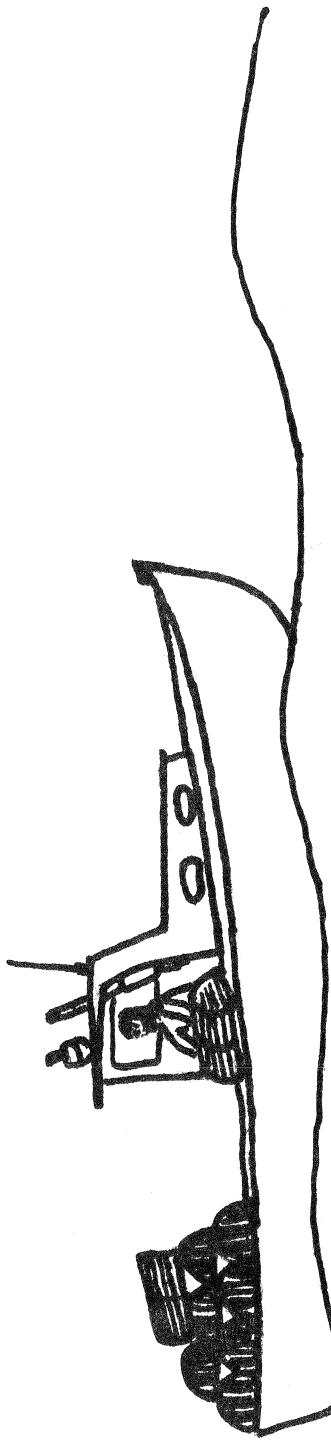
A NEW SHELL HAS ALREADY FORMED UNDER THE OLD ONE, BUT IT IS  
VERY SOFT AND IT WILL REQUIRE SEVERAL DAYS TO HARDEN.  
DURING THIS PERIOD THE LOBSTER IS IN DANGER OF BEING ATTACKED

LOBSTERS CAN LIVE TO BE OVER 100 YEARS OLD



AND GROW TO BE 3 FEET (or more) IN LENGTH  
*10*

EVERY YEAR HUNDREDS OF FISHERMEN GO OUT AND CATCH THE "LOBSTER"



8

TO FEED THE THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE WHO CRAVE  
THIS TASTY CRUSTACEAN



11

