

Stewardship Storyline



Kennebec Woodland Partnership
Fall Conference 2010

Stewardship Storyline - Outline

- Ownership Sequence
- Elements of Stewardship
- Actions, Tools and Strategies
- Constant Considerations
- Reasons to Keep a Forest as Forest



CONSERVATION

- a careful preservation and protection of something;
- *especially* : planned management of a natural resource to prevent exploitation, destruction, or neglect

-Merriam-Webster online dictionary



STEWARDSHIP

- the conducting, supervising, or managing of something;
- especially : the careful and responsible management of something entrusted to one's care

-Merriam-Webster online dictionary

- the administration of land and associated resources in a manner that enables their passing on to future generations in a healthy condition

-Society of American Foresters Dictionary of Forestry



SILVICULTURE

- the art and science of controlling the establishment, growth, composition, health, and quality of forests and woodlands to meet the diverse needs and values of landowners and society on a sustainable basis

-Society of American Foresters Dictionary of Forestry

Land Ownership Sequence

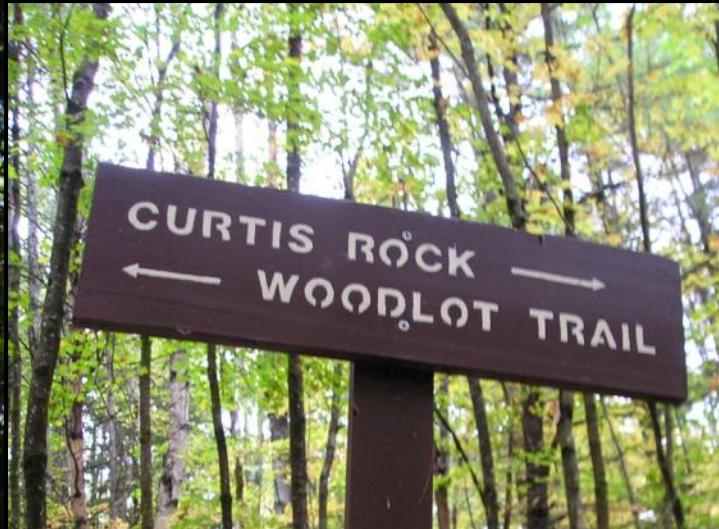


Elements of Stewardship

- Informed decisions
- Working with professionals (realtors, foresters, loggers, agencies, lawyers, consultants, etc.)
- Written planning (articulated vision, goals and objectives, recommendations, alternatives, decisions, monitoring, updates, etc)
-FMP, cost basis, inventory, operational, estate
- Documentation of activities and results



Elements of Stewardship



- Interaction with community (neighbors, local government, clubs, individuals, groups, the Public)
- Personal satisfaction, pride of ownership
- Desire to share knowledge, resources
- Recognized connection to ecosystem; water, soil, air, plants and animals
- Protection of values

Elements of Stewardship

- Continuous learning and improvement
- Patient, incremental growth, not boom and bust (no “stewardship bubble”)
- Implementation of good, better, best management practices
- Aggregation, opposite of parcelization
- Leaving land better than you found it, for next generations



Actions, Tools and Strategies:

Actions

- Survey/establish/maintain property lines.
- Collect data: take inventory of resources.
- Articulate goals and objectives, leading to statement of vision of desired future conditions.
- Seek professional advice and services.
- Seek counsel from family and friends.
- Explore neighborhood landscape.



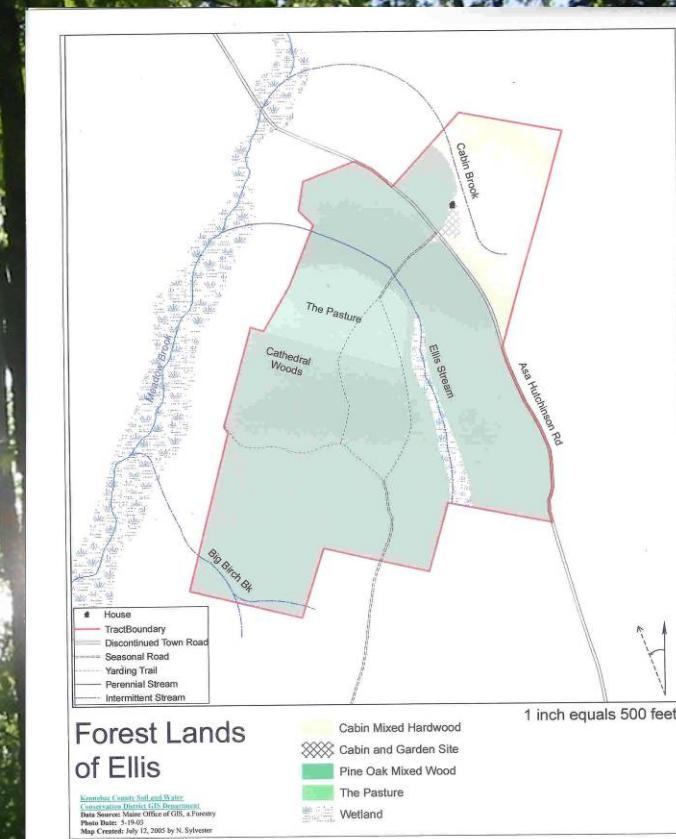
More Actions

- Consider proposed/recommended activities, options.
- Decide and implement.
- Review and assess results.
- Document and record.
- Join organizations that support and enhance forest stewardship, for example, SWOAM.
- Certify land



Documents

- Deed
- Survey
- Maps: tax/parcel, soil, land use, vegetation cover types, harvest area, trails and roads, water bodies, activity areas, special places, etc.
- Plans: harvest, forest management, Stewardship, Conservation Activity, estate



More documentation

- Contracts and agreements
- Certification
- Easements and/or covenants



Tools



- **Saws: pruning, chain**
- **Loppers and choppers, axes**
- **Paint gun**
- **Paint brush**
- **Paint**
- **Flagging and ribbon**

More Tools

- Compass
- Clinometer
- GPS field unit
- GIS software
- Measuring tapes, chains
- Knowledge of pace, span, estimation techniques
- Tree stick (“Biltmore” stick)



"Nope. Looks like we're gonna have to use the saw on this one, too."

Big Tools



Feller-buncher; excavator; chipper; skidder

Strategies

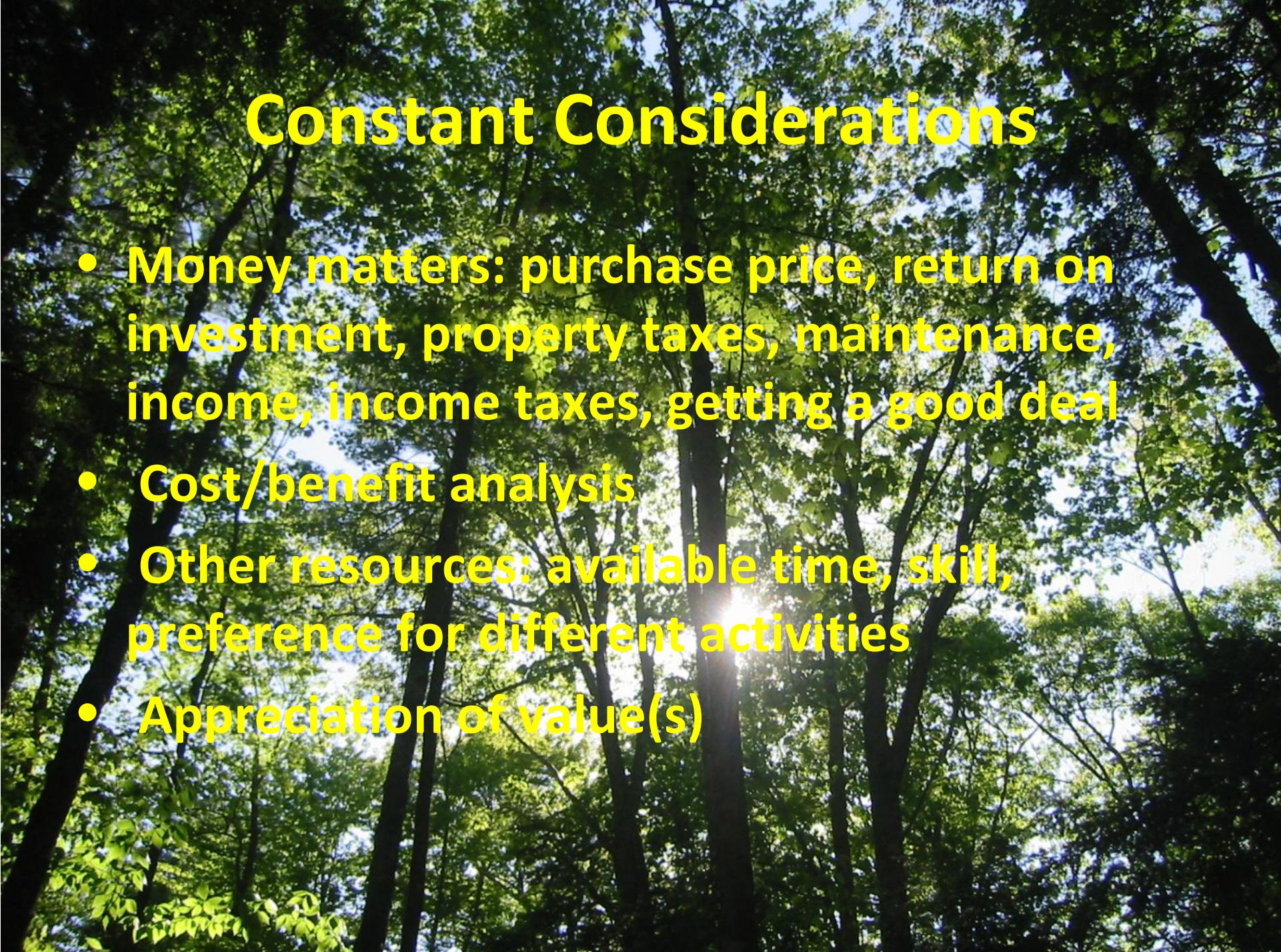
- Develop good working relationships with professionals.
- Enroll in current use property tax programs (Tree Growth, Open Space, Farmland)
- Protect (permanently or temporarily) from development.
- Make use of federal programs for financial assistance.
- Manage timber for scheduled income stream through periodic harvests.



More Strategies

- Buy/sell land strategically.
- Develop estate plan to ensure continued forest stewardship
- Derive income from other forest values, such as recreational leases or fees.
- Add value to wood products, such as lumber, fitted firewood or furniture.





Constant Considerations

- Money matters: purchase price, return on investment, property taxes, maintenance, income, income taxes, getting a good deal
- Cost/benefit analysis
- Other resources: available time, skill, preference for different activities
- Appreciation of value(s)

Reasons to Keep a Forest...















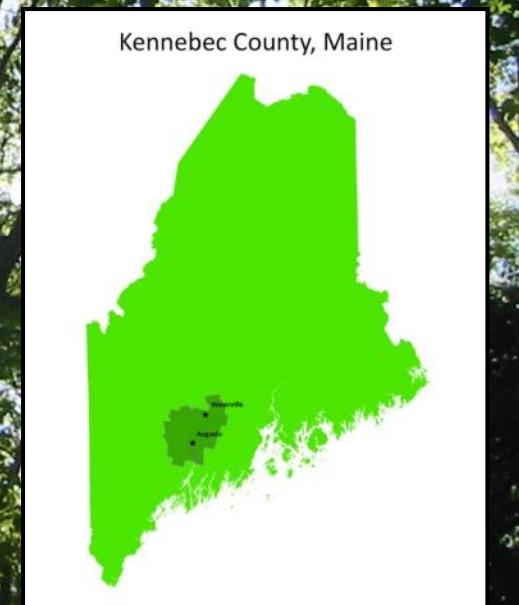
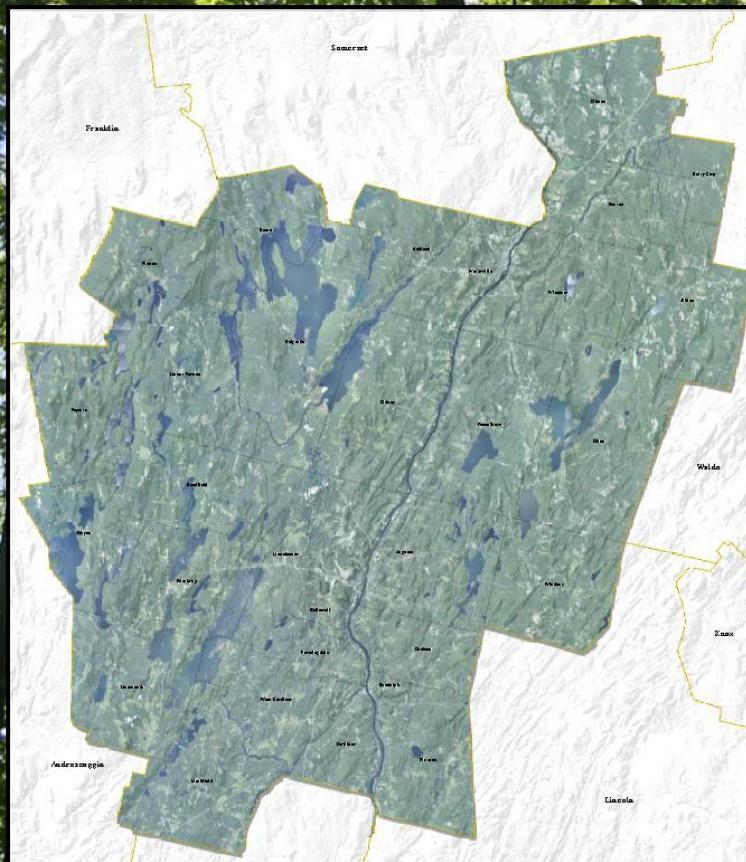






... as Forest!

Every landowner engages with his or her land in a unique way, in degrees of harmony with their resources and the world around them.





IT'S NOT ROCKET SCIENCE

**It's a whole lot more complicated...
And interesting!**

-Old woods saying